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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/044,210	12/13/2001	Jan Rademacher	635.347US01	8610
22865 7.	590 06/14/2005	EXAMINER		
ALTERA LAW GROUP, LLC 6500 CITY WEST PARKWAY SUITE 100 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55344-7704			GRIER, LAURA A	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2644	
			DATE MAILED: 06/14/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/044,210	RADEMACHER ET AL.		
Office Acti	ion Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Laura A. Grier	2644		
The MAILING D	ATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
THE MAILING DATE ( - Extensions of time may be availer SIX (6) MONTHS from the period for reply specifies the period for reply is specified.  Failure to reply within the set	OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  vailable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13  the mailing date of this communication.  d above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply  fifed above, the maximum statutory period w  or extended period for reply will, by statute,  fice later than three months after the mailing	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH( 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time, within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days, will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE of date of this communication, even if timely filed	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1) Responsive to c	ommunication(s) filed on				
2a)☐ This action is FI	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.			
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims		·			
4a) Of the above 5) ☐ Claim(s) 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-16</u> is 7) ☐ Claim(s)		wn from consideration.			
Application Papers					
9) ☐ The specification	is objected to by the Examine	r.			
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12/12/01</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
<u> </u>	- ''	ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob caminer. Note the attached Office			
Priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119				
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)	·				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
	atement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)		ate Patent Application (PTO-152)		

Application/Control Number: 10/044,210 Page 2

Art Unit: 2644

**DETAILED ACTION** 

## Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 3/27/02 has been considered by the examiner.

### **Drawings**

2. Figures 1 and 2 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 4. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for using a weighting factor alpha, does not reasonably provide enablement

Art Unit: 2644

for calculation of alpha in respect to the minimizing. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims.

In view of the written disclosure it unclear as to what is being minimized in respect to the variables of the numerator and denominator. The specification fails to provide specific details on how alpha (m,l) is derived, except by providing the equation.

- 5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 6. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "the noisy audio signal" in line 4. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "...the current properties..." in lines 5-6. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 1 recites the limitation "...the noisy component..." in lines 7-8. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 2 recites the limitation "...the unrestricted filter function..." in line 5. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 2 recites the limitation "...the restriction function..." in line 3. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Art Unit: 2644

Claim 2 recites the limitation "...the restricted filter function..." in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 7 recites the limitation "...the restricted filter function..." in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 8 recites the limitation "...the unrestricted filter function..." in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Claim 9 recites the limitation "...the unrestricted filter function..., ...the restriction function..., and ... the restricted filter function..." in lines 4-5. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Regarding claim 12, the claim language is indefinite as to what is being miminized in the respect to the variables being used in the equation.

Claims 3-6, and 10-14 depend from claim 1 and thus are rejected accordingly.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the applicant's admitted prior art in view of Deller, Proakis, and Hansen (here, Deller combination.

Regarding claim 1, the applicant's admitted prior art (herein, AAPA) discloses reducing random, continuous, non-stationary noise in audio signals by sampling and using a filter with a

Art Unit: 2644

filter function (pages 2-6 and figures 1-2). However, the filter function fails to be disclosed with dynamic functioning capabilities as claimed.

Regarding the dynamic function of the filter function, Deller combination discloses a iterative Wiener filtering (page 517-520), which indicates a filter with dynamic process for updating a filter.

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention of AAPA by applying a Wiener filter process and function of the purpose of adapting filter characteristics on a frame-by-frame basis based on the noise level compared to the signal as taught by Deller.

Regarding claims 2-4, AAPA and Deller combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). AAPA discloses an estimated of the noise component, a unrestricted filter function, and a restriction function and filter function, wherein, m denotes the discrete frequency and l respresents the discrete time. However, the filter function is disclosed as claimed. Deller combination discloses a iterative Wiener filtering (page 517-520), which indicates a filter with dynamic process for updating a filter, which provide modification for deriving the filter function  $H_b$  enabling frame-to-frame adaptation based on the noise level compared to the signal, wherein gamma needs to be function of time because the noise changes with time.

Regarding claim 5, AAPA and Deller combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). Noise determines the audibility of a signal. Thus, it would have been obvious to implement a one method step for deriving a restricted filter function if the specific signal level and noise level are known to derive gamma.

Art Unit: 2644

Regarding claim 6, AAPA and Deller combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). AAPA discloses filtering the noisy audio signal in a frequency domain.

Regarding claim 7, AAPA and Deller combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). AAPA discloses capability of the Wiener filter performing in respect to the quadratic error between the signal and the estimate being used as the approximation criterion.

Regarding claim 8, AAPA and Deller combination discloses in accordance with Wiener, the filter function can be determined in accordance with amplitude substraction.

Regarding claim 9, AAPA and Deller combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). AAPA discloses an estimated of the noise component, a unrestricted filter function, and a restriction function and filter function, wherein, m denotes the discrete frequency and I represents the discrete time. AAPA further discloses the noise reduction obtained by filtering and after filtering, the reduced noise signal is transferred back to the time domain. However, the filter function is disclosed as claimed. Deller combination discloses a iterative Wiener filtering (page 517-520), which indicates a filter with dynamic process for updating a filter, which provide modification for deriving the filter function H<sub>b</sub> enabling frame-to-frame adaptation based on the noise level compared to the signal, wherein gamma needs to be function of time because the noise changes with time.

Regarding claim 10, AAPA and Deller combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). AAPA discloses the estimate being a function of noise power

Application/Control Number: 10/044,210 Page 7

Art Unit: 2644

density, thus, it would be obvious that the dynamically limited filter function uses the an estimated instantaneous of noise power density through the modification of the Wiener filtering process taught by Deller combination.

Regarding claims 15-16, AAPA discloses in figure 2 devices for producing an unrestricted filter function (3), producing a time-dependent function (6) – Pages 2-6. However, AAPA fails to disclose the device for producing a restricted filter function and filtering the noisy signal.

Deller combination discloses an iterative Wiener filtering (page 517-520), which indicates a filter with dynamic process for updating a filter.

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the invention of AAPA by applying a Wiener filter process and function of the purpose of adapting filter characteristics on a frame-by-frame basis based on the noise level compared to the signal as taught by Deller.

Regarding claim 10, AAPA and Deller combination discloses everything claimed as applied above (see claim 1). However, AAPA and Deller combination fail to discloses determining the estimated of the auto noise power density as claimed. A noise spectrum estimate varies in time and over frequency, Thus, it would have been obvious to express the noise estimate of the noise power density in that form.

Allowable Subject Matter

Art Unit: 2644

9. Claims 13-14 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Laura A. Grier whose telephone number is (571) 272-7518. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 7:30 am - 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sinh N. Tran can be reached on (571) 272-7564. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

June 7, 2005